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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/980,252	02/21/2002	Yasumasa Mizushima	SON-2058/YAM	9700
75	90 02/25/2005		EXAMINER	
Ronald P Kananen			LANEAU, RONALD	
Rader Fishman	& Grauer			
Suite 501			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
1233 20th Stree			3627	
Washington, D	C 20036		DATE MAILED: 02/25/2005	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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-		Application No.	Applicant(s)	K		
J		09/980,252	MIZUSHIMA ET AL.	(		
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Ronald Laneau	3627			
	- The MAILING DATE of this communication app	ears on the cover sheet wit	h the correspondence address			
Period fo						
THE N - Exten after S - If the - If NO - Failur Any re	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. sions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 BIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, usply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing dipatent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	6(a). In no event, however, may a re within the statutory minimum of thirty ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT cause the application to become ABA	ply be timely filed  (30) days will be considered timely.  HS from the mailing date of this communication.  ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)🛛	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 No	ovember 2004.				
2a) <u></u> □	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This	action is non-final.				
3)□	S) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D.	11, 453 O.G. 213.			
Dispositio	on of Claims		•			
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-11 is/are pending in the application.					
4	a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	n from consideration.				
5)[	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-11</u> is/are rejected.					
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.				
Application	on Papers					
9)□ 1	The specification is objected to by the Examiner	<u>.</u>				
	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce		v the Examiner			
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the o		•			
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti					
	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa					
	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
_	•		440( ) ( ) ( )			
a)[	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents  2. Certified copies of the priority documents	have been received.				
	<ul> <li>Copies of the certified copies of the priori</li> <li>application from the International Bureau</li> </ul>	ty documents have been r	· ——			
* Se	ee the attached detailed Office action for a list of	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	eceived.			
	<del> </del>					
Attachment(	s)					
	of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Su	immary (PTO-413)			
	of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)	/Mail Date			
	ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	ormal Patent Application (PTO-152)			
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### Response to Amendment

1. The amendment filed on 11/12/04 has been entered. Claims 1-11 are still pending.

#### Information Disclosure Statement

2. The information disclosure statement filed on 11/19/03 is missing. Applicant is required to send in another listing of the IDS so that the Examiner can properly consider it.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 5. Claims 1, 3, 4-6, 8 and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Goldwerger et al (US 2003/0216993 A1) in view of De Roche (US 6,429,810).

As per claims 1, 3, 4-6, 8 and 9, Goldwerger et al teach a concentrated physical distribution management method to be used when consigned cargo is delivered to a destination,

wherein said method is processed to be electronic information capable of being mutually communicated by means of communication network lines (page 2, [0010], lines 1-1-11), said method comprising: a shipping instruction processing step of instructing delivery of the consigned cargo to the destination collectively including a physical distribution trader by accessing a specific site (page 1, [0006], lines 1-16); a physical distribution expense calculation processing step of calculating physical distribution expenses necessarily for delivery of the cargo to the destination (page 10, [0105], lines 1-22).

Goldwerger et al do not teach a cargo tracking processing step of indicating a delivery status of the cargo but De Roche teaches an autonomous cargo tracking system comprising of communication and sensor unit affixed to the container to be tracked during shipping, providing the shipper and/or forwarder with accurate, timely, cargo status as claimed (see abs, col. 2, lines 11-14).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize the cargo tracking system as taught by De Roche into the system of Goldwerger et al because it would provide a position sensing and communication (PSC) unit affixed to or integrated into a shipping container, shipping pallet, cargo net, or cargo unit that gives additional information such as environmental conditions, container status, rate and/or direction of movement (page 2, lines 32-40).

As per claims 2, 7, 10 and 11, Goldwerger et al teach a concentrated physical distribution management method to be used when consigned cargo is delivered to a destination, wherein said method is processed to be electronic information capable of being mutually communicated by means of communication network lines (page 2, [0010], lines 1-1-11), said method comprising: a

shipping instruction processing step of instructing delivery of the consigned cargo to the destination collectively including a physical distribution trader by accessing a specific site (page 1, [0006], lines 1-16); a physical distribution expense calculation processing step of calculating physical distribution expenses necessarily for delivery of the cargo to the destination (page 10, [0105], lines 1-22).

Goldwerger et al do not teach a cargo transportation route with said shipping instruction on the basis of said shipping instruction information and said transport schedule but De Roche teaches an IBALE system that provides the shipper with all of the requested information, including schedules and transit requirements (e.g., truck, train, ship, and/or airline), said IBALE system can be configured to provide the user with multiple shipping options, preferably prioritized on the basis of cost, schedule, or other shipping characteristic. Alternately, the IBALE system can be configured to provide a single shipping option based on the specific budgetary and schedule constraints input by the shipper (col. 4, lines 59-67).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize the cargo tracking system as taught by De Roche into the system of Goldwerger et al because it would make the shipper or the forwarder aware of the route change of the freight if any and expected arrival time of the cargo.

## Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments filed on 11/12/04 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

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Applicant argues that De Roche may be unavailable as prior art. Contrary to applicant's

argument, the priority based upon Provisional Paten Application Serial No. 60/179,536 filed on

February 1, 2000 is sufficient to beat the priority date of applicant's invention which is March

31, 2000. As a result, De Roche is considered to be prior art to Applicant's invention.

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Ronald Laneau whose telephone number is (703) 305-3973. The

examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri from 8:30am - 6:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Robert Olszewski can be reached on (703) 308-5183. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Forold Joneou Ronald Laneau 2/19/05

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